# The Role of OzFlux in FluxNet

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# Some Interesting Things About OzFlux and TERN

... and a little bit about FluxNet Peter Isaac

# Outline

- Current status of the OzFlux network.
- Distribution of OzFlux sites by climate and vegetation type.
- OzFlux data portal usage.
- Some comments on OzFlux and TERN.
- Even fewer comments on OzFlux and FluxNet.

# OzFlux Network: June 2011

Three See



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lat -27.000001° lon 133.000001° elev 324 m



# Australian Vegetation Type

#### Vegetation: 1988



- Based on AusLIG vegetation map for 1988
- 31 vegetation types
- Types based on floristic traits rather than functionality
- CABLE uses IGBP vegetation types (see later)



- Types up to 15 are "woody", types from 16 to 27 are "grassy"
- Tumbarumba and Howard Springs are both classified as type 4 (mid-dense forest)



# Vegetation Types and Sites

- Using a broad "woody" or "grassy" classification based on the AusLIG data set
  - 16 OzFlux sites are over "woody" vegetation
  - 4 OzFlux sites are over "grassy" vegetation
- Total coverage of vegetation types with at least one tower is <u>50.3%</u>

# **OzFlux Data Portal**

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Cape Tribulation QL	Introduction     OzFlux is a national ecosystem research network consisting of 10 flux stations at present with a further 6 planned for installation in 2011, all funded under the TERN 1 initiative. Funding for 6 more sites has been requested under the TERN-EIF initiative. The final network of 21 sites will provide the Australian and global ecosystem modelling communities with nationally consistent observations of energy, carbon and water exchange between the atmosphere and key Australian ecosystems. OzFlux Is part of an international network (FluxNet) of over 500 flux stations that is designed to provide continuous, long-term micrometeorological measurements to monitor the state of ecosystems globally.     A Central Node administered by CSIRO Marine and Atmospheric Research coordinates the OzFlux network, determines protocols for measurements, data processing and quality control, provides a database to archive data from each site and provides training to site operators as required. A 7 member Steering Committee chaired by Dr Helen Cleugh (CMAR) and Associate Professor Mike Liddell (James Cook University) provides scientific leadership for the network and coordinates logistics as required.				
MONASH University RONASH University e-Research Centre	sity ands TRN				
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# **OzFlux Data Portal Usage**

• 5 institutions have submitted data.

 University of Technology Sydney, Monash University, Charles Darwin University, Queensland University of Technology, University of Melbourne.

- Data for 8 sites has been submitted, two of which are no longer operating.
- There are 40 data files on the site covering the years from 2007 to 2011 to date at various sites.

# Why is it important to submit data to the OzFlux data portal?

## **Terrestrial Ecosystem Research Network**

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#### Welcome to TERN

#### The Terrestrial Ecosystem Research Network (TERN

- · A national collaboration of world-class researchers and infrastructure supporting the collection, storage, management and sharing of scientific data and knowledge.
- Consists of a coordinating office, and seven facilities, covering key ecosystem features and processes in Australia
- Links ecosystem science and management through the Australian Centre for Ecological Analysis and Synthesis (ACEAS).
- Vital to the understanding and sustainable management of Australian ecosystems



The next round for ACEAS funding opens in May 2011 read more

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## OzFlux is a facility under TERN



# Why is TERN important?

- TERN is handing out the money ...
  - NCRIS (OzFlux got \$2.5M)
  - EIF (OzFlux got \$?M)
- ... but TERN wants things for the money.
  - gather all ecosystem data under 1 umbrella (TERN)
  - data to be publicly available in timely manner
  - comprehensive and well documented meta-data
  - intra- and inter-facility collaboration
- Doing these things is required, not optional.
  - doing them will also cause the TERN gods to look favourably upon your efforts





# OzFlux and FluxNet



### FLUXNET

FLUXNET, a "network of regional networks," coordinates regional and global analysis of observations from micrometeorological tower sites. The flux tower sites use eddy covariance methods to measure the exchange: of carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>), water vapor, and energy between terrestal ecosystems and the atmosphere.

The FUDXNET database contains information about tower location and site characteristics as well as data availability. View the <u>availability of data</u>.

The site characteristics and ancillary database may be queried by site.

A new <u>Synthesis Activity</u> has been initiated, building on the <u>La Thule 2007 Synthesis</u>. To submit a Proposal for a Papar, contact the <u>Synthesis Committee</u>.

## Berkeley but needs to focus on next synthesis.

# Challenges for OzFlux

- Long term survival and long term funding.
- Data licensing and public availability.
- Calibration.
- Greater collaboration between groups within OzFlux.
  - More frequent small gatherings?
- Greater collaboration with other TERN facilities:
  - e-MAST, PALS, AusCover, EcoInformatics

# ... And the Last Words

• Thanks to all of the people currently wrestling with towers and data, particularly the new entrants.

Keep persevering because the cause is worthwhile.

